

Introduction and Overview of Wetbud

W. Lee Daniels

Dept. of Crop & Soil Environmental Sciences

<http://www.landrehab.org/WETBUD>



Who's doing what?

Zach Agioutantis, **Univ. of Kentucky** -- Programmer & MODFLOW

W. Lee Daniels, **Virginia Tech** -- Program coordinator & gadfly

Ben Hiza, **Old Dominion University** – Julie Metz models / groundwater

Stephen Stone, **Old Dominion University** – Huntley Meadows models

Tess Thompson, **Virginia Tech** – Surface water & ET estimators

Rich Whittecar, **Old Dominion University** – Groundwater & MODFLOW

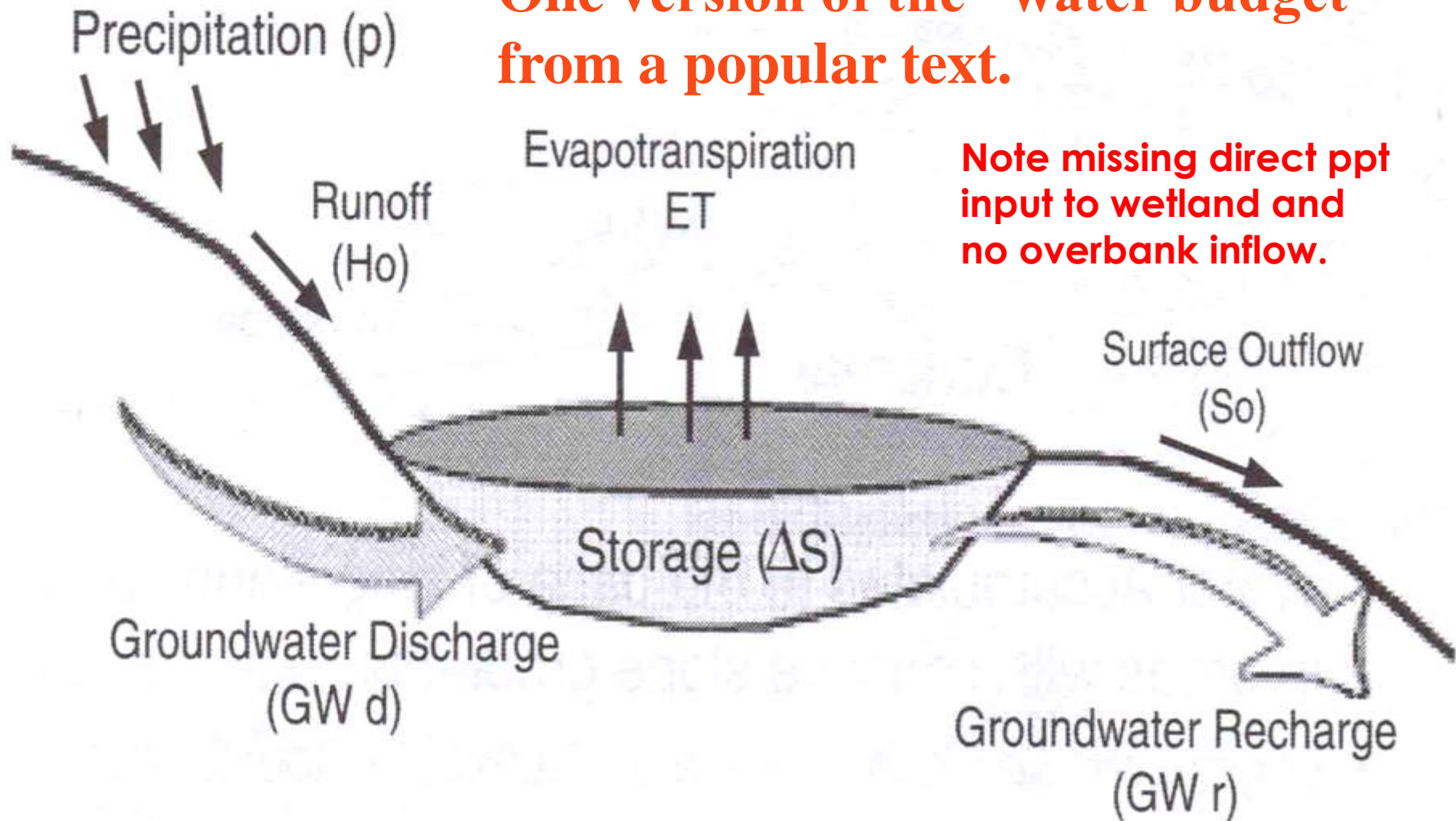
Previous Graduate Students: **Kerby Dobbs, Matt Gloe, John McCleod, Eric Neuhaus, O. Waverly Parks, Candice Piercy, Tracy Thornton, Cal Smith**

Research Associates/Specialists: **Dan Evans, Katie Haering, Sara Klopf and Laura Lehman.**

INPUTS = OUTPUTS + / - STORAGE

$$P + Ho + GWd = Gwr + So + ET + \Delta Storage$$

**One version of the “water budget”
from a popular text.**

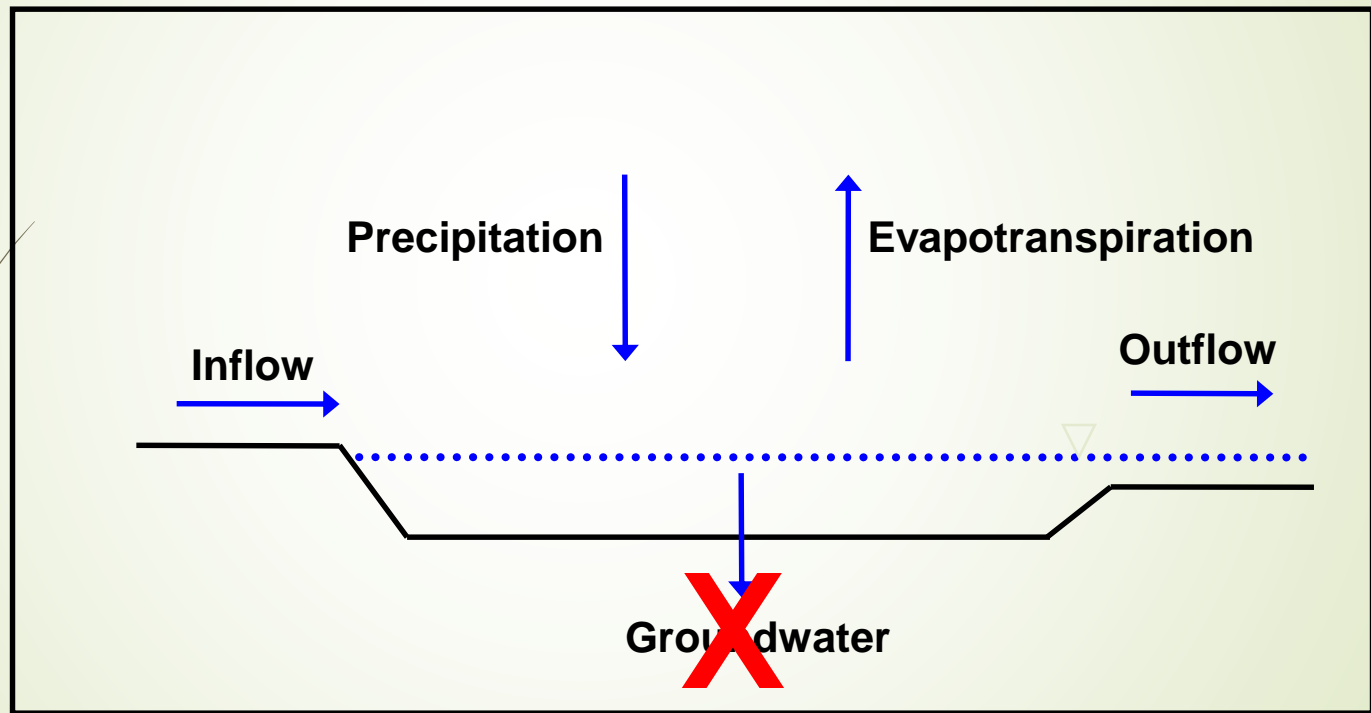


Created Wetland Water Budgeting

- **Wide variation in water budgeting approaches among agencies and consultants.**
- **Many agencies follow and/or recommend variations of the “Pierce Approach” whereby ground water flux is presumed minimal, ET is estimated via Thornthwaite, runoff additions are estimated via SCS/NRCS Runoff Curve Number Method, water is presumed to be detained over the site via a berm, and water level is controlled via an outlet, etc.**

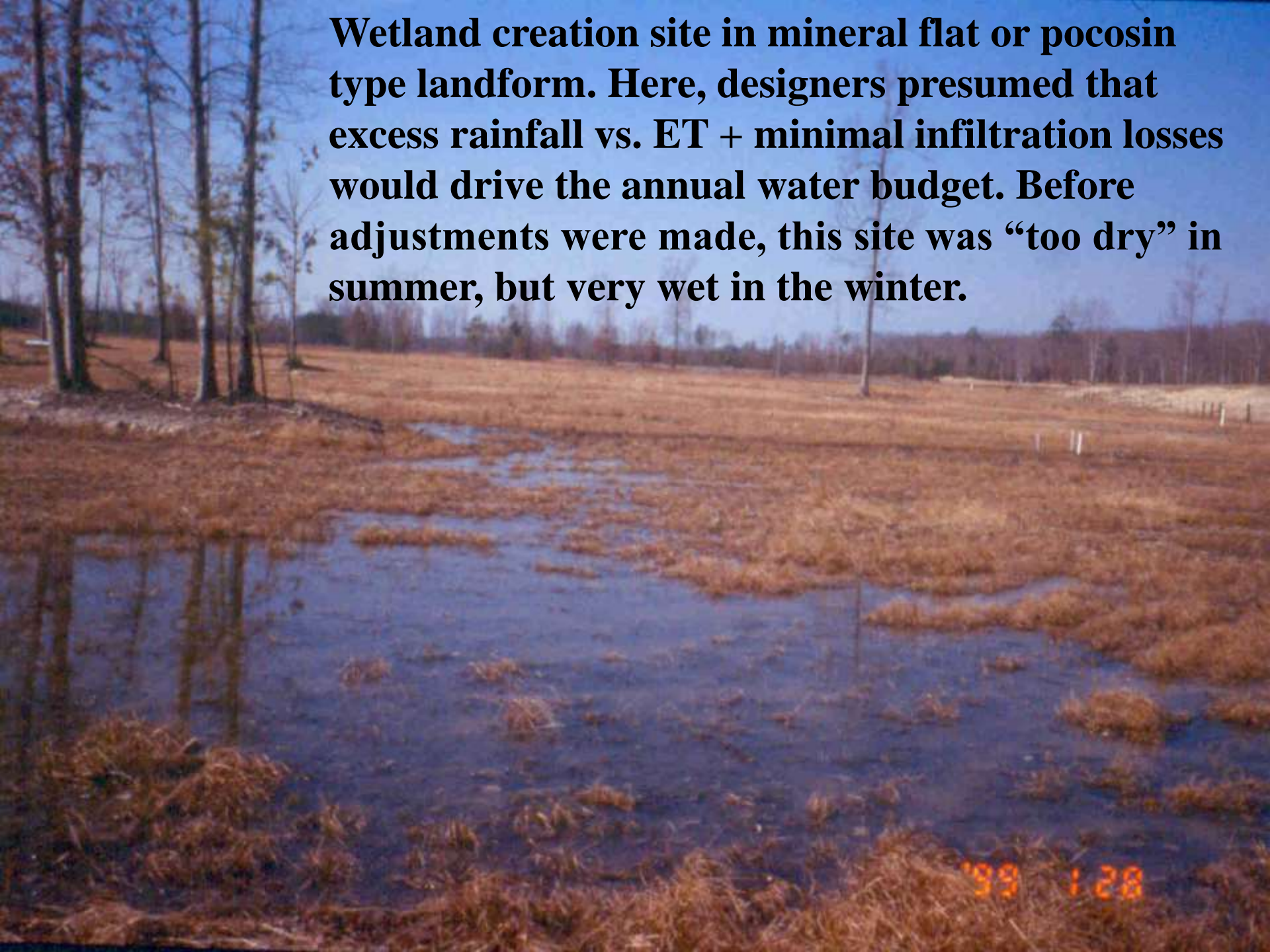
A “simple” way to create a mitigation wetland is to create a perched system

Can work on hilltops with low permeability compacted subsoils



assume
negligible

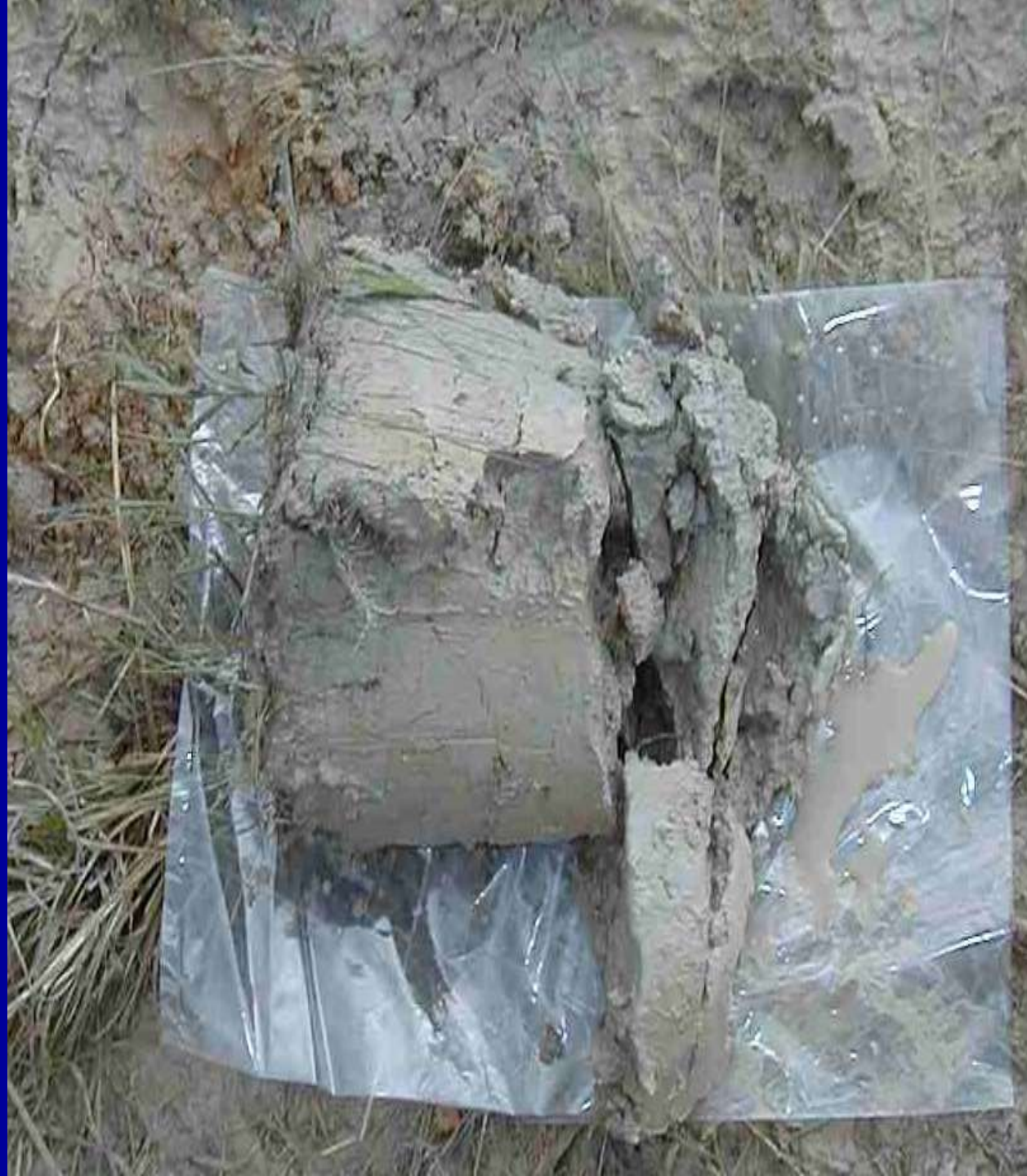
Wetland creation site in mineral flat or pocosin type landform. Here, designers presumed that excess rainfall vs. ET + minimal infiltration losses would drive the annual water budget. Before adjustments were made, this site was “too dry” in summer, but very wet in the winter.



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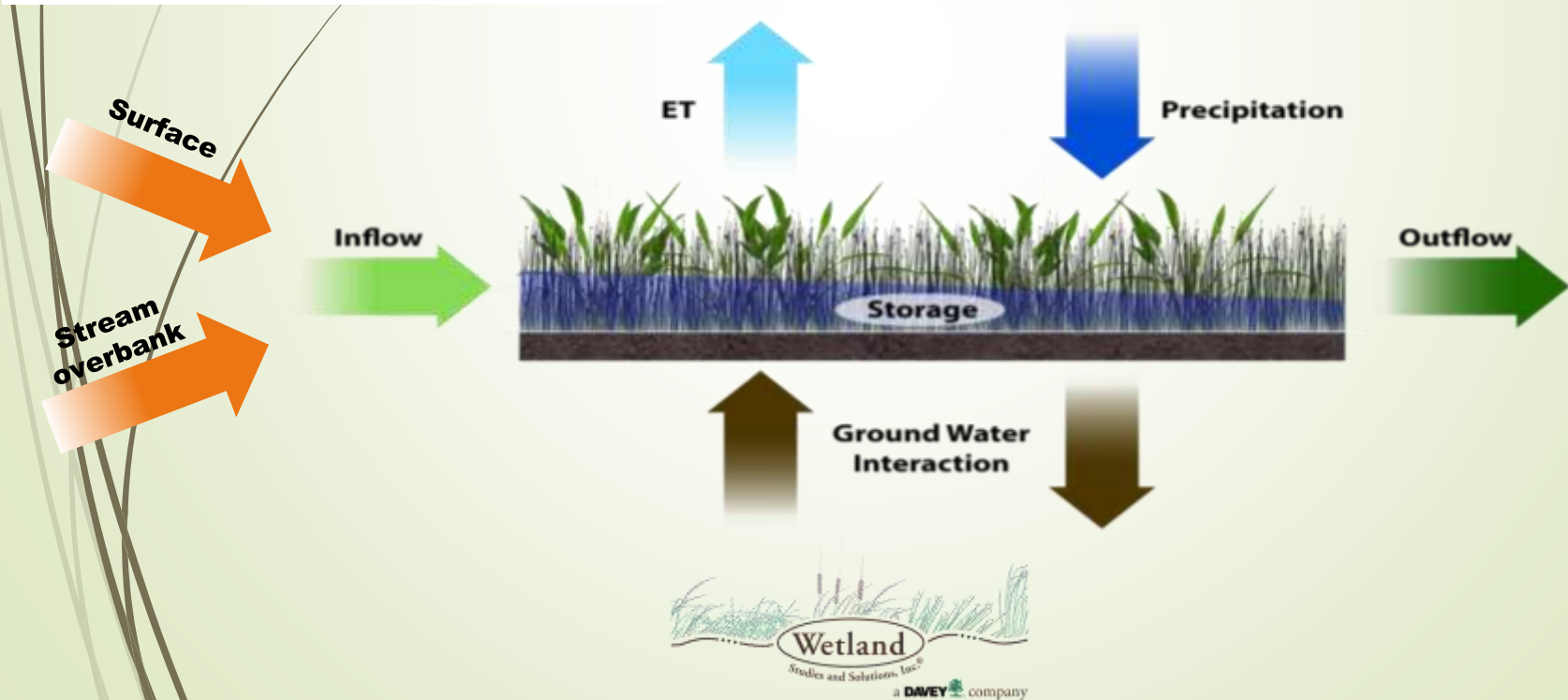
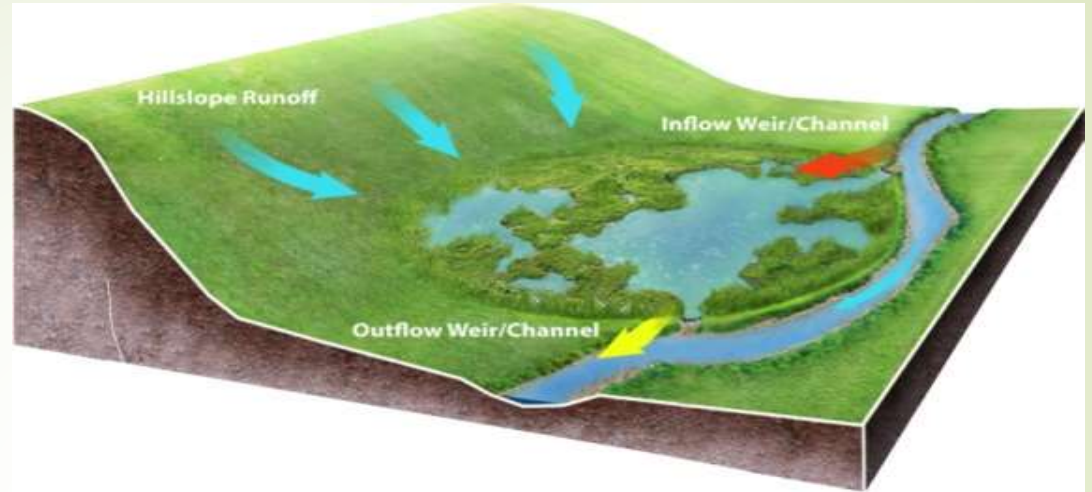
**Surface soil from
the same wetland.**

**Note massive
structure in surface
breaking to firm
plates at about 20
cm. This is the
“traffic pan” that
was designed to
perch the water
table, but also led
to extremely dry
summer conditions.**



Water Budget Model Issues

- “Bath Tub” vs. Sloped Systems
- Vegetative Flow Resistance
- Groundwater Inputs vs. data?
- Overbank Flow Contribution
- Which Precipitation Data?
- Variations in ET Estimators
- Complex topography



Fort Lee Water Budget Studied by USGS & Virginia Tech in late 1990's.

Well
REF3A

Well
7-4

S. Poorly
Drained

Wet/Ponded

> 20 wells/piezometers monitored for > 2 years along with direct measurements of all water budget components.

7/14/98

**90 cm of
rain In
(dry year)**

Precipitation

35.43 in
(89.99 cm)

**98 cm of
ET Out**

Evapotranspiration

38.32 in
(97.36 cm)

**10 cm of
runoff In**

Surface In

4.08 in
(10.36 cm)

**80 cm of
runoff out**

Surface Out

32.14 in
(81.64 cm)

Ft. Lee Wetland

May 1, 1998 to April 30, 19 99

Net Loss of 0.01 in (0.30 cm)

Net Groundwater In

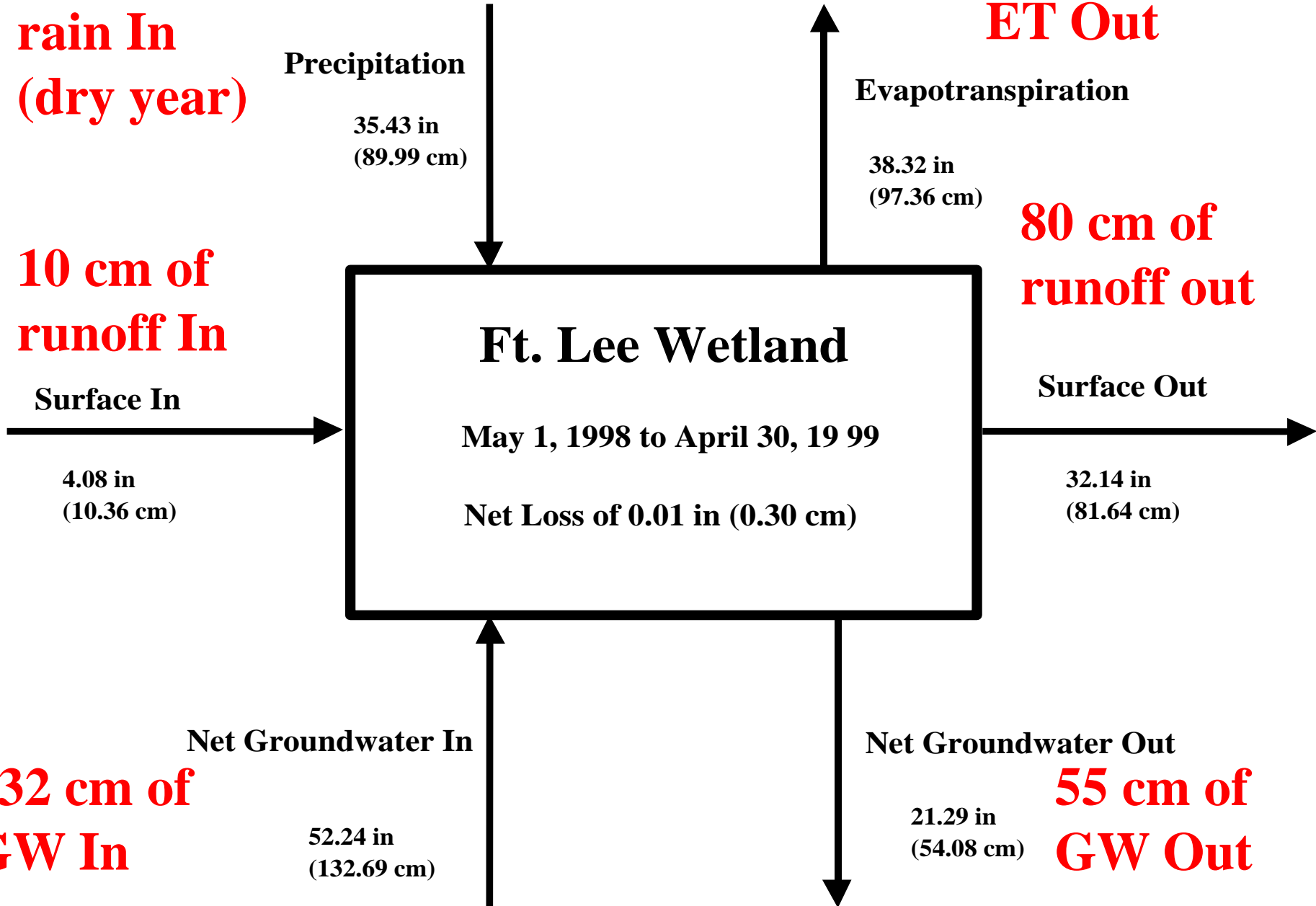
52.24 in
(132.69 cm)

Net Groundwater Out

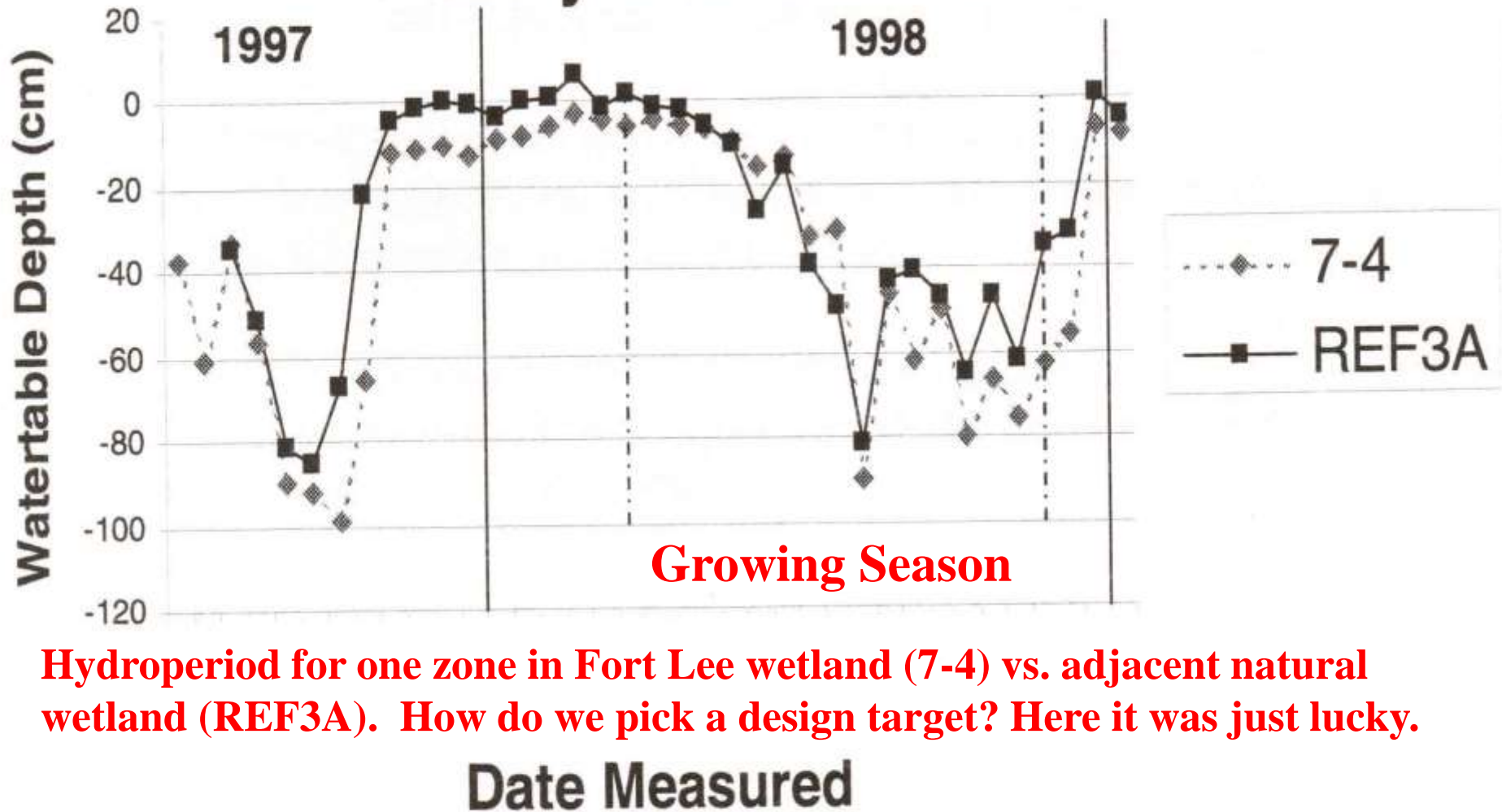
21.29 in
(54.08 cm)

**132 cm of
GW In**

**55 cm of
GW Out**



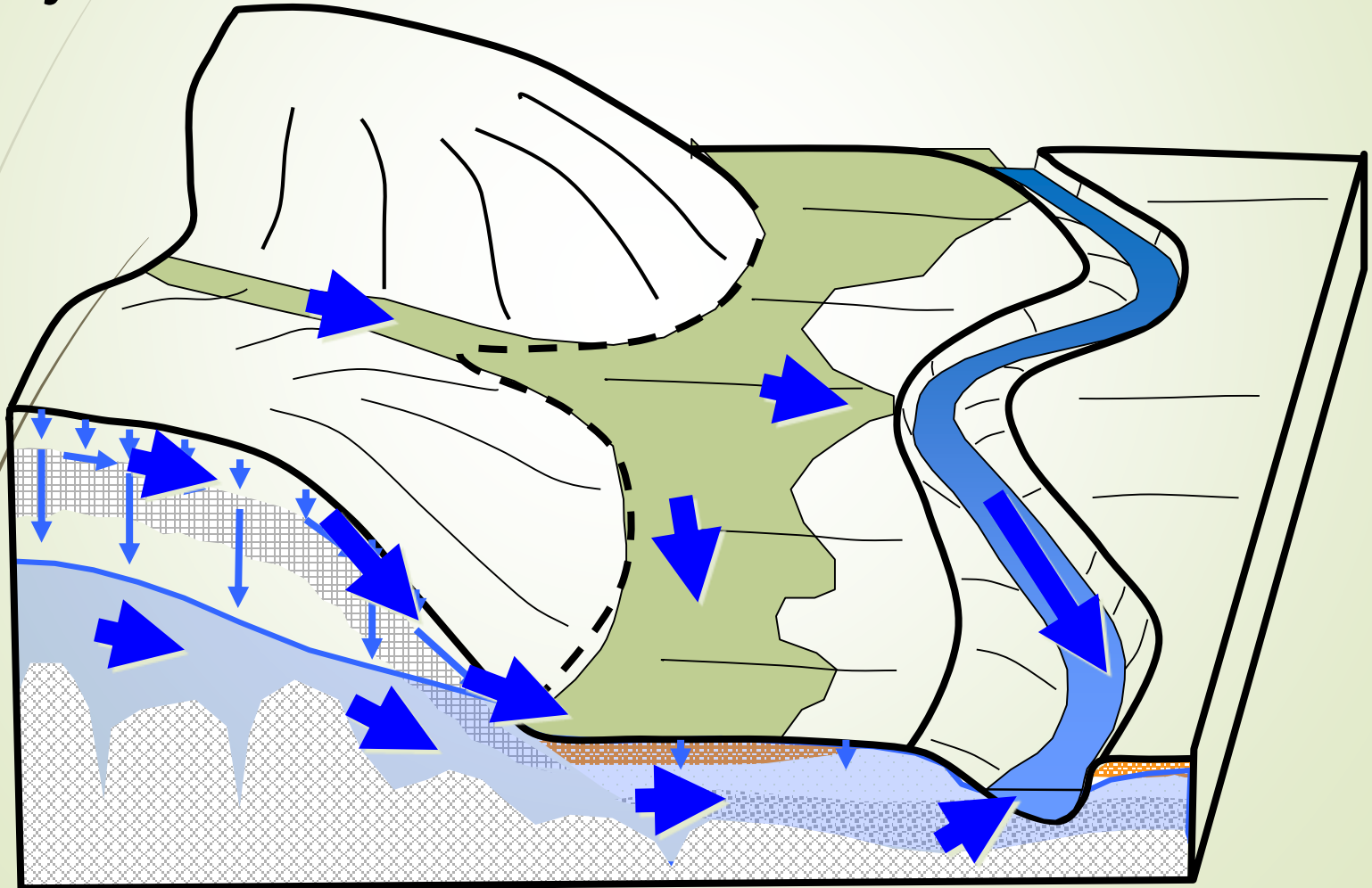
Fort Lee Wetland Poorly Drained Areas



Hydroperiod for one zone in Fort Lee wetland (7-4) vs. adjacent natural wetland (REF3A). How do we pick a design target? Here it was just lucky.

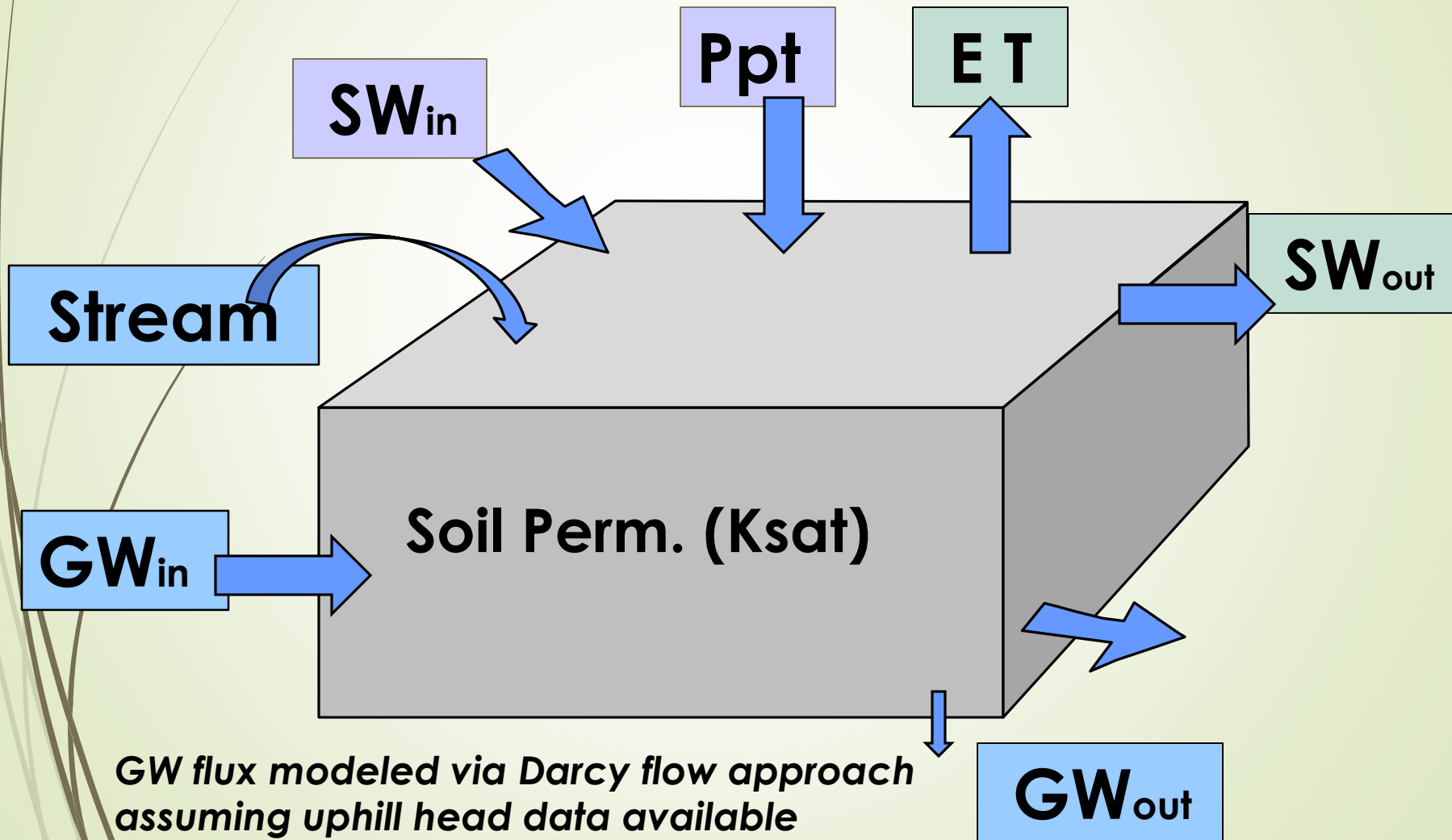
Less than 20% of this site exhibited a hydroperiod similar to well 7-4. Around 40% was much drier and the rest was much, much wetter.

Piedmont Wetlands: the interface between uplands, groundwater, and surface water. Primary original focus of research funds; *Wetbud works just fine for the Coastal Plain!*



Wetbud Basic Version

Wetbud is a design tool for wetland creation

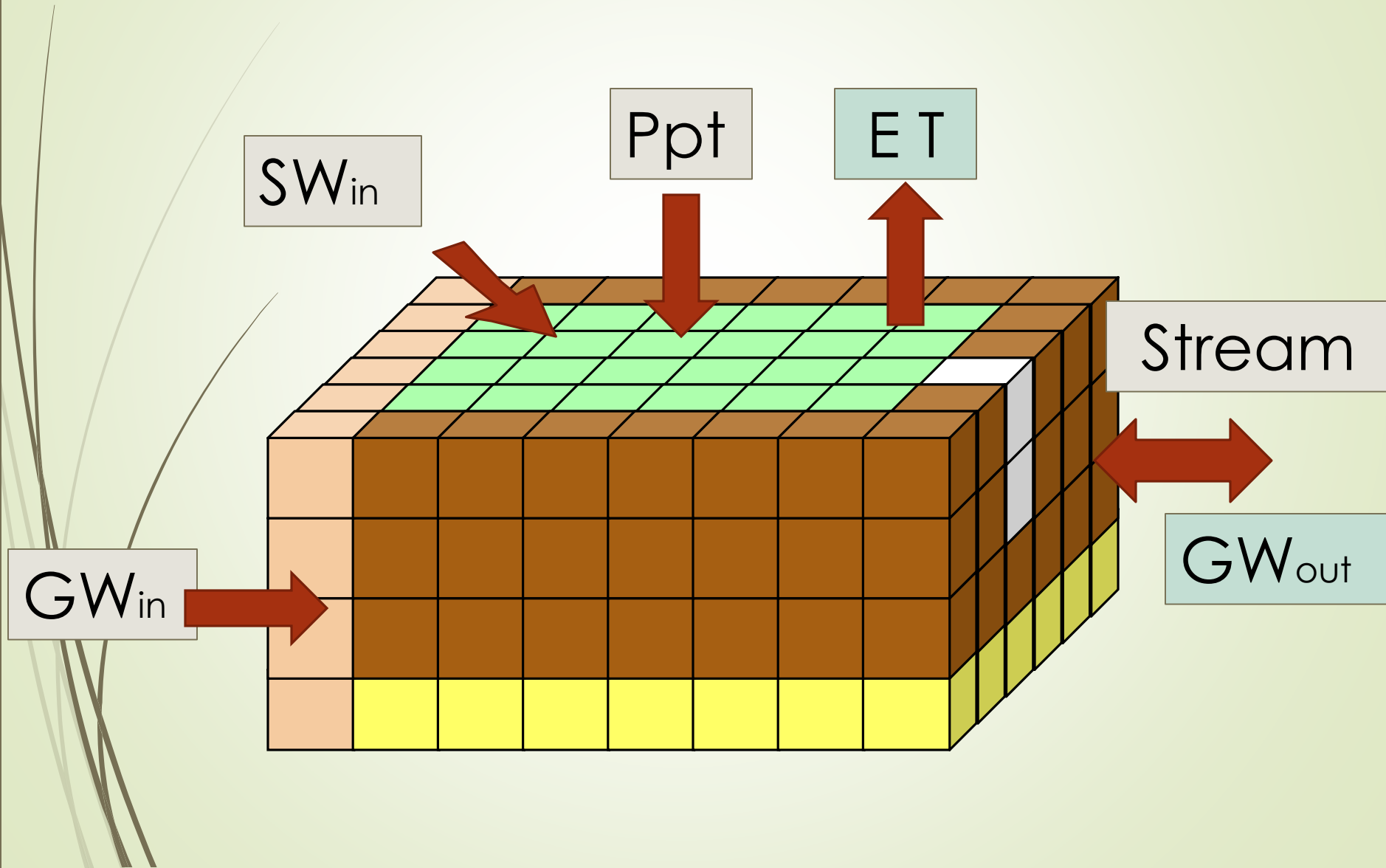


Wetbud Advanced Version

Allows for 3-D modeling including multiple water/soil/substrate layers, slopes, variable wetland topography, etc.

Incorporates more rigorous groundwater flux modeling via MODFLOW (basic model uses a simplified Darcy approach)

WetBud – Advanced Version



Model and Component Validation & Calibration



Huntley Meadows – Fairfax
(detailed ET x 4 and GW studies)

Northfork Bank – Haymarket
(basic model + overbank flow)

Cedar Run 3 – W. of Quantico

Others at Julie Metz, Bender Farms, Pocahontas, etc.



Design Standards Development

Precipitation

- Statistically based analysis for wet, normal, and dry rainfall years
- Recommended weather stations for VA/MD
- Tools for auto download of any USA station

Evapotranspiration

- Calculates both Penman and Thornthwaite
- For W-N-D years selected by precipitation
- Options for input of pan data, Bowen Ratio, etc.

Groundwater

- Measurement protocol recommendations
- Wem: Projection of long term hydroperiod
- Soils data import for Ksat for all VA map units

Hydroperiod “Library”

- Developing VA and MD Regional Collection of “typical hydroperiods”
- What is targeted design Hydroperiod for PFO, PSS, PEM?

